## **Cape Cornwall Kites PHSE Overview**

## Sunshine

Suitstille									
2021-2022	Term 1	Term 2	Term 3	Term 4	Term 5	Term 6			
Topic this term	Self-Awareness.	The World I Live In.	Managing Feelings.	Changing and Growing.	Healthy Lifestyles.	Self-Care, Support and Safety.			
	Identify come of our own porcord	Describe serve of the	Idontify things we say do which	Describe some of the new	I do matifie difference to constitute the cat	Identify here you can tell if we are			
Tasks	Identify some of our own personal strengths and skills (things we are	Describe some of the similarities, differences and	Identify things we can do which help us to feel good about	Describe some of the new opportunities and responsibilities	Identify different ways that people can live a healthy	Identify how we can tell if we are unwell (including possible			
ASSESSMENT/	really good at or can do really well)	diversity among people of	ourselves.	we have experienced as we have	lifestyle. Describe how to take	symptoms). Describe in simple			
OUTCOME(S)	, ,	different race, faith and culture.		grown older. Identify some of the	care of dental health (e.g. how	terms how germs can be spread to			
	Describe the particular ways we	Describe what is meant by	Recognise when others may be	different stages of change as	to brush teeth correctly/ use	others. Identify whom to tell if we			
	like to learn. Identify the difference	rights and responsibilities.	feeling happy or unhappy from	people progress from birth to	floss, food and drink that	feel unwell. Identify useful phrases			
	between a short term target and		their facial expression and body	adulthood (physical, emotional,	support dental health and why	or vocabulary to use in order to let			
	an aspirational, long term goal.	Recognise that advertising	language. Describe strong	social). Explain why puberty	regular checkups at the dentist	someone know that we feel			
		online is targeted at individuals.	emotions (e.g. anger, fear,	happens.	are important).	unwell. Explain why it is a good			
	Recognise what prejudice means.	Recognise that not everything	frustration, excitement, anxiety,	l		idea to ask for help quickly if we			
	Explain what it means to	we see or read online is	jealousy).	Identify occasions when we might	Recognise what mental health	feel unwell.			
	discriminate against someone.	trustworthy; that some things	Describe the difference	need the support of friends. Give	and emotional wellbeing are.	Domes a strate some simula			
	Possagnica that projudice and	that are written about are not real and are 'fake'	Describe the difference between 'liking' someone and	examples of how we can show support to our friends. Describe	Suggest some simple ways to maintain our emotional	Demonstrate some simple strategies we can use if we are			
	Recognise that prejudice and discrimination in any form are	real allu are Take	'fancying' someone.	how we can let friends know that	wellbeing (e.g. relaxing, being	feeling frightened or worried.			
	unacceptable.	Recognise different ways of	Tancying someone.	we need their help and support.	with friends/family, listening to	Identify who is responsible for			
	unacceptable.	showing compassion to other	Describe some of the new	we need then help and support.	music).	keeping us safe and explain the			
	Explain what is meant by teasing,	living things (e.g. wildlife, pets).	opportunities and	Identify our expectations of		importance of helping to keep			
	hurtful and bullying behaviour.	8 8 ( 8 6 7 8 7 7	responsibilities we have	friendships/ relationships (e.g.	Identify our favourite forms of	ourselves safe. Explain what			
	Explain how we do not need to put	Describe different ways in	experienced as we have grown	spending time together, sharing	physical activity and exercise.	unwanted physical contact means.			
	up with someone being unkind,	which people might acquire	older. Identify some of the	interests). Describe the positive	Identify some of the benefits of	Explain that we should always tell			
	hurtful, abusive to, or bullying, us.	money. Identify some ways that	different stages of change as	qualities people bring to	being physically active, and	someone if anyone makes us feel			
	Recognise what is meant by peer	money can be kept safe. Explain	people progress from birth to	relationships (e.g. kindness,	possible consequences of	worried or uncomfortable,			
	pressure and peer influence.	how other people make things	adulthood (physical, emotional,	support, being able to	inactivity	whoever they are. Demonstrate			
		for us that we can't make	social). Explain why puberty	compromise, listening, sharing		simple ways of communicating to			
		ourselves or provide us with	happens.	feelings or worries).	Describe our favourite foods	others that we need help.			
		services that we can't do for	I dentify a seed in a college of	Identify different toward of	and drinks, and give reasons for	Fundain what is manual by an aid.			
		ourselves.	Identify occasions when we	Identify different types of	our choices. Identify foods we can eat all the time which are	Explain what is meant by social			
		Recognise that there are	might need the support of friends. Give examples of how	intimate relationships including same-sex relationships. Describe	good for us. Identify foods that	media and how people use social media. Recognise that not all			
		different ways of financing adult	we can show support to our	how strong emotions (including	should only be eaten	information seen online is true.			
		life and independent living (e.g.	friends. Describe how we can	sexual attraction) might make	occasionally	Explain how other people's identity			
		paid work, personal	let friends know that we need	people feel.	Cocasionany	online can be different from what			
		independence payments).	their help and support.	F 22 F 10 10 11		it actually is in real life.			
		Recognise that there are		Explain what seeking and		, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,			
		different types of employment	Identify the difference between	giving/not giving consent means		Identify some examples of school			
		o a paid/uppaid (voluntary)	over the counter medicines and			procedures that hold us keen safe			

over the counter medicines and

those prescribed by a doctor.

in relationships, that we have the

right to say 'no' or 'please stop'

to anything we feel

procedures that help us keep safe

(e.g. fire or emergency evacuation

drills, corridor rules, playground

e.g. paid/ unpaid (voluntary),

full time/part time, work

placements. Describe different

		is heat families and hear	T		T	mulas) Fundain havets are de-
		jobs that family members,		uncomfortable about, and		rules). Explain how to report an
		friends and people in the		demonstrate how we might do		accident in school.
		community may do.		this. Recognise what sex means,		
				what happens during sexual		
				activity and that consequences of		
				sex might include pregnancy and		
				sexually transmitted infections		
				(STIs). Recognise that		
				contraception, including		
				condoms, can help prevent		
				pregnancy and some STIs. Explain		
				the difference between		
				appropriate and inappropriate		
				relationship behaviours in public		
				places.		
				J		
				Explain that marriage, (including		
				same-sex marriage) civil		
				partnerships and living together		
				are choices that couples might		
				make as part of their		
				commitment to each other.		
				Recognise what 'adopted',		
				'fostered', or 'looked after' mean		
				in terms of families. Recognise		
				that some relationships will		
				end— meaning that a couple		
				don't go out together, or live		
				together any more. Identify		
				whom we can talk to if we're		
				worried about relationships		
				changing/ ending.		
Focus	Managing emotions around	Workplaces and creativity.	How to keep themselves safe	For students to know how to get	How to keep themselves safe	What is love, contraception,
	transition and building resilience.		and healthy through puberty,	help and support. To know how	and healthy through puberty,	introduction to consent and
		1. Diversity/rights and	including physical activity and	to be safe online.	including physical activity and	LGBTQ+.
	1. Personal strengths	responsibilities	diet.		diet.	
	2. Skills for learning	2. Managing online information		1. Puberty		1. Feeling unwell
	3. Prejudice and discrimination	3. Taking care of the	1. Self-esteem and unkind	2. Friendship	1. Elements of a healthy	2. Feeling frightened/worried
	4. Managing pressure	environment	comments	3. Healthy and unhealthy	lifestyles	3. Accidents and risk
		4. Preparing for adulthood	2. Strong feelings	relationship behaviour	2. Mental wellbeing	4. Keeping safe online
		5. Managing Finances	3. Romantic feelings and sexual	4. Intimate relationships, consent	3. Physical activity	5. Emergency situations
			attraction	and contraception	4. Healthy eating	6. Public and private
			4. Expectations of	5. Long-term	5. Body image	
			relationships/abuse	relationships/parenthood	6. Medicinal drugs	
				1.7/6.2.2.2.2.2.2.2.2.2.2.2.2.2.2.2.2.2.2.2	7. Drugs, alcohol & tobacco	
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